AFCO Installation & Operation Instructions

Model #AF 920205 •Pump Fed Foam / Foam Hose Drop Station

REQUIREMENTS **Ready-to-Use Chemical Solution** (Minimum 35 PSI at the Unit) Temperature up to 160°F Pressure 35 - 125 PSI Flow 1.7 GPM @ 40 PSI Supply Line 1/2" up to 3 CFM **Compressed Air** Hose Foam 3/4" x 50' Foam 3/4" x 50' Nozzle 50250 Foam Foam 50250

OPTIONS Large Stainless Steel Hose Rack Recommended Foam Solution Check Valves & Strainer

Check Valve, PP, 1/2" (EPDM) # 491409 Check Valve, PP, 1/2" (Viton) # 491411 SS "Y" Strainer # 150350

224150

Alternate Air Check Valve - EPDM Standard Check Valve, Air, SS, 1/4" MM (Viton / Hast) # 491306





READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING EQUIPMENT!



Overview

The Pump Fed Foam / Foam Hose Drop Station is a 2-way medium volume foam applicator for projecting 2 ready-to-use foaming chemicals. This unit receives 2 separate ready-to-use chemical solutions from separate central chemical feed systems and creates rich, clinging foam by injecting compressed air into the solutions to greatly increase volume and coverage ability. The foam is then projected through the dedicated discharge hoses and fan nozzles on to any surfaces up close or at distances up to 12 feet.



Safety & Operational Precautions

- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye-wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- For pressures over 100 PSI, remove the discharge valve or lower pressure
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- Turn off solution supply and air when unit is not in use for extended periods.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM, NEXT PAGE.)

It is recommended to install a check valve in the foamer solution inlet to prevent air from going back into solution line. (see Options)

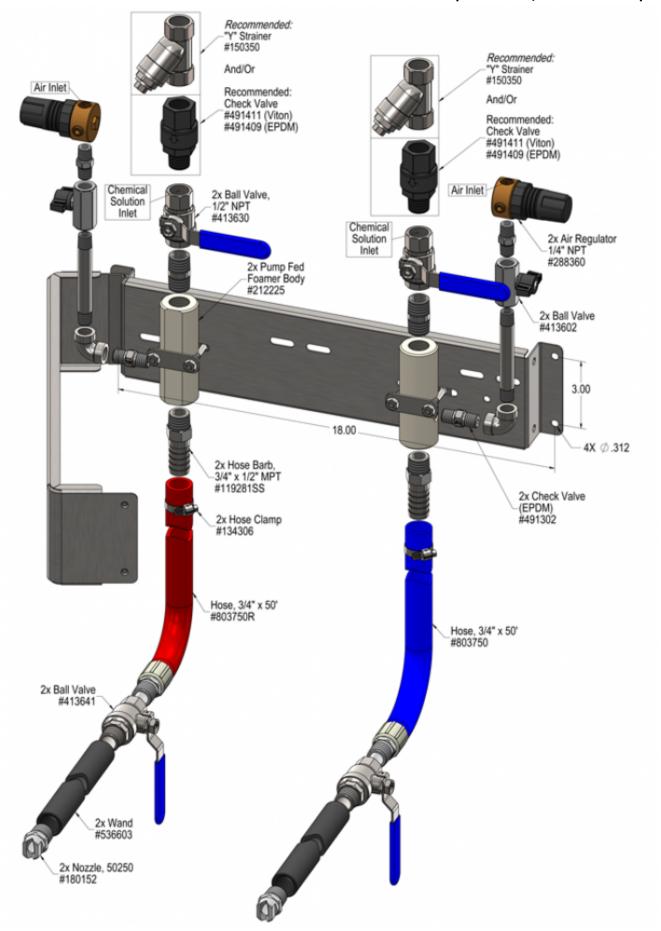
1.	Mount the	unit to a	suitable	surface

- 2. Connect the discharge hose as shown in the diagram and close the ball valve.
- 3. Install a solution check valve in the foamer inlet and connect pre-mixed solution supply.
- 4. To prevent blocking the small jets flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting. And/or install a strainer. (see options)
- 5. Connect compressed air supply. If piping is older and has known contaminants, install a filter.

TO OPERATE

- 1. With wand in hand open the inlet ball valve, and the air ball valve.
 - Wait a few seconds and observe foam consistency.
 - Use the least amount of air needed to achieve good foam quality to prevent solution pressure fluctuations from affecting performance. Air pressure must be kept lower than solution pressure.
 - To adjust the foam consistency pull out on the air regulator knob, turn slightly clockwise for dryer foam and counterclockwise for wetter foam. Wait a few seconds to see each adjustment.
 - o Medium wet foam will give the best cleaning results! Dry foam will NOT clean as well!
 - You may also have to try different chemical ratios and air settings until foam consistency and cleaning results are acceptable. Once this is set and desired foam consistency is achieved push lock the knob. you are ready to start application.
- 2. When foaming is completed, close the discharge ball valve, return to the unit and close the solution and air ball valves. Briefly re-open the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in the hose. Rinse before the foam dries.

Flow Rate Chart					
Pressure	Flow GPM				
PSI	Foam	Foam			
40	1.70	1.70			
50	1.90	1.90			
60	2.08	2.08			
70	2.25	2.25			
80	2.40	2.40			
90	2.55	2.55			
100	2.69	2.69			
110	2.82	2.82			
120	2.94	2.94			
120	2.94	2.94			



Troubleshooting Guide

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Possible Cause / Solution

Problem	Startup	Maintenance				
B) Foam too wet. C) Foam does not clean properly or too dry.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 1, 4, 9 11	10, 12, 13 10, 12, 13 10				
Possible Cause / Solution						
Startup	Maintenance					
Air pressure too high Adjust the air regulator slowly counterclockwise until output stabilizes.	10. Air regulator failed allowing too much air or not enough airClean or replace.					
2. Use of an oiler in the airline will cause poor foam qualityUse only clean, dry air.	11. Air check valve failed • Replace.					
3. Inlet ball valve or discharge ball valve not completely openCompletely open the inlet and discharge ball valves.	 12. Inlet orifice clogged Check/clean inlet orifice for obstructions. DO NOT DRILL OUT. Install optional solution "Y" strainer (see OPTIONS, page 1). 13. Chemical build-up may have formed in the body causing restriction Carefully remove fittings and soak entire body in descaling acid. 					
 4. Improper chemical or solution too weak Ensure product is recommended for foaming and/or the application. Increase chemical concentration. 						

5. Discharge hose too long, wrong size, kinked or spliced/

7. Solution pressure or volume too low/inlet piping too small
• Increase solution pressure or volume (SEE REQUIREMENTS).

• Install optional solution check valve (see OPTIONS, page 1).

9. Soil has hardened on surface; always rinse foam before it dries

Printed: Thursday Jun 26th 2014

• Straighten the hose - Replace hose with correct size or one piece continuous

sectioned together (SEE REQUIREMENTS)

6. Nozzle size is wrong (SEE REQUIREMENTS)

8. Air backing up into solution line

· Reapplication may be necessary.

hose.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods run water through the system to flush the chemical and help prevent chemical build-up.

